CSD Series Current Devices—Split Core with Relay

Installation Instructions

CSD-CF0J1-1 CSD-CA1G1-1 Part No. 24-10345-42, Rev. C Issued April 22, 2011 Supersedes August 12, 2008

Applications

The Current Switch Device (CSD) Series of digital output switches are nonintrusive devices designed to detect current flowing through a cable or wire. A cost effective solution for monitoring on and off status or proof of operation, these units are ideal for monitoring small current loads on motors driving fans and blowers, heating coils, and lighting.

The CSD models with command relays not only monitor current flowing through the cable but also facilitate starting and stopping the motor.

These units provide a universal solid state output. Power for the current sensing circuit is derived from the current induced from the monitored cable or line. The command relay requires a separate 24 VAC/VDC supply.

IMPORTANT: The Current Switch Device (CSD) Series Current Devices are intended to provide an input to equipment under normal operating conditions. Where failure or malfunction of the CSD could lead to personal injury or property damage to the controlled equipment or other property, additional precautions must be designed into the control system. Incorporate and maintain other devices, such as supervisory or alarm systems or safety or limit controls, intended to warn of or protect against failure or malfunction of the CSD.

Installation



WARNING: Risk of Electric Shock.

Disconnect power supply before making electrical connections. Contact with components carrying hazardous voltage can cause electric shock and may result in severe injury of death.



WARNING: Risk of Personal Injury.

Do not touch the relay while power is applied to it. The relay surface is hot during use, and may cause a serious burn upon contact.

Dimensions



Figure 1: CSD Dimensions, mm (in.)

Mounting

- 1. Using the two screws (included), attach the mounting bracket to the back of the electrical enclosure.
- 2. Snap the CSD into place on the mounting bracket.

Wiring

- 1. Disconnect the power to the conductor cable from the power source.
- 2. Snap the split core around the power conductor cable to be monitored and close the core until the core snaps shut.
- 3. Wire the CSD/Command Relay as shown in Figure 2.
- 4. Reconnect the power to the conductor cable.

Note: The switch contacts are solid state and they work like dry contacts. When the switch is closed, less than 1 ohm is present; when the switch is open, more than 1 megohm is present.



5. Calibrate Model CSD-CA1G1-1 (see <u>Setup and</u> <u>Adjustments</u>).



Figure 2: Models CSD-CF0J1-1/CSD-CA1G1-1

If the measured current is too low to be detected or higher than the maximum current rating of the CSD, use the appropriate method to increase or decrease current.

If Measured Current Is Too Low to Be Detected

Wrap the conductor (wire) through the sensing hole and around the CSD body to produce multiple turns to increase the measured current.

Measured current = actual current multiplied by the number of turns (see Figure 3).



Figure 3: CSD Shown with Four Turns

IMPORTANT: Failure to derate the current capacity may result in damage to the CSD when using multiple turns to increase measured current. Use the following formula to determine the new maximum current:

New Maximum Current = CSD Current Rating/ number of turns. For example, a Model CSD-CA1G1-1 with 4 turns = 135 A/4 = 33.8 A, new maximum current.

To Monitor Currents Exceeding the Maximum Current Rating of the CSD

For currents > 200 A (Model CSD-CF0J1-1) or > 135 A (Model CSD-CA1G1-1).

Use a 5 A Current Transformer (CT) to reduce the current passing through the CSD (see Figure 4). Run the current transformer secondary wire through the sensing hole. Terminate the two secondary wires of the 5 A current transformer to each other, and then install the 5 A current transformer on the monitored conductor.



Figure 4: CSD with CT Transformer

Setup and Adjustments

Calibration

CSD Series Model CSD-CA1G1-1

Position the CSD so the status output panel faces you. Confirm the monitored load (for example, a motor or heater) is running, and use the following methods to calibrate the CSD.

Under Current Status Condition (Belt Loss, Coupling Shear, Fan, and Pump Status)

 Turn the setpoint screw clockwise until the Status Closed Light-Emitting Diode (LED) turns off and the Status Open LED turns on.



Figure 5: Status Open, LED On

 Slowly turn the setpoint screw counterclockwise until the Status Closed LED turns on and the Status Open LED turns off.



Figure 6: Status Open, LED Off

3. Turn the setpoint screw an additional 1/4 turn counterclockwise to create a deadband to prevent hunting.

The CSD is now calibrated to signal current flows below normal full load amperes.

Output Status:

- Normal: Output Closed
- Alarm: Output Open

Over Current Status Condition (Locked Rotor, Seized Impeller)

 Turn the setpoint screw counterclockwise until the Status Open LED turns off and the Status Closed LED turns on.

Note: This is the default factory setting.



Figure 7: Status Closed, LED On

2. Slowly turn the setpoint screw clockwise until the Status Closed LED turns off and the Status Open LED turns on.



Figure 8: Status Open, LED On

3. Turn the setpoint screw an additional 1/4 turn clockwise to create a deadband to prevent hunting.

The CSD is now calibrated to signal current flows above normal load amperes.

Output Status:

- Normal: Output Open
- Alarm: Output Closed

Accessories

See Table 1 for accessories.

Table 1: CR-01200-0 and CR-02400-0 Command Relays

Product Code	Product Description	
CR-01200-0	12 VAC/VDC Single-Pole, Single-Throw (SPST), Normally Open (N.O.) Relay	
CR-02400-0	24 VAC/VDC Single-Pole, Single-Throw (SPST), N.O. Relay	

Repair Information

If the CSD Series Current Device fails to operate within its specifications, replace the unit. For a replacement CSD, contact the nearest Johnson Controls® representative.

Troubleshooting

Table 2: Troubleshooting

Symptom	Action	
CSD solid state output does not function.	Verify the maximum amperage range has not been exceeded. Voltages or currents above the rated levels may damage the CSD.	
Setpoint screw keeps turning.	The setpoint screw has a slip clutch to prevent damage at either end. To return the LED to its original setting, turn the setpoint screw 20 full turns counterclockwise and start the calibration procedure again.	
Motor is turned on and switch does not close.	Insufficient current to the load leads (for example, a motor or heater) to reach the setpoint threshold. To turn the switch on, wrap the cable multiple times through the sensing hole (see Figure 3).	

Technical Specifications

Split Core Models CSD-CF0J1-1 and CSD-CA1G1-1

Product Code		CSD-CF0J1-1	CSD-CA1G1-1	
Amperage Range		1.5–200 A	1.25–135 A	
Switch Setpoint		Fixed	Adjustable	
Output Relay		SPST, N.O., 10 A at 260 VAC, 5 A at 30 VDC		
Actuation Coil		20-30 VAC/VDC, 40-85 mA Maximum		
Switch LED Indication		No	Yes	
Relay LED Indication		Yes		
Trip Setpoint Value		1.5 A	1.25–135 A	
Current Switching Mode		Under Current Sensing	Over/Under Current Sensing	
Sensor Supply Voltage		Induced from power conductor cable.		
Wire Size		2.1–0.6 mm (12–22 AWG) Diameter Recommended		
Status Output		Switch Normally Open.		
Switch Load Capacity		1 A at 30 VAC/42 VDC Maximum		
Isolation Voltage		600 VAC rms		
Temperature Range		-15 to 60°C (5 to 140°F)		
Frequency Range		50/60 Hz		
Humidity Range		0–95% Noncondensing		
Screw Torque		0.5 N·m (4 lb·in.)		
Dimension		69 x 65 x 44 mm (2-23/32 x 2-9/16 x 1-3/4 in.)		
Aperture (Sensing Hole) Size		18 x 20 mm Diameter (0.72 x 0.78 in. Diameter)		
Compliance	United States	UL Listed, File E310692, CCN NRNT, Under UL 508, Industrial Control Equipment		
	Canada	UL Listed, File E310692, CCN NRNT7, Under CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 14-M91 Industrial Control Equipment		
CE		CE Mark – Johnson Controls, Inc., declares that this product is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC and the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC.		
Shipping Weight 0.16 kg (0.35 lb)				

The performance specifications are nominal and conform to acceptable industry standards. For application of conditions beyond these specifications, consult the local Johnson Controls office. Johnson Controls, Inc. shall not be liable for damages resulting from misapplication or misuse of its products.



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